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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/587,451	07/27/2006	Ryuichiro Amano	DK-US065159	2263
	7590 12/08/201 OUNSELORS, LLP	EXAMINER		
1233 20TH STF	REET, NW, SUITE 70 N, DC 20036-2680	ZOLLINGER, NATHAN C		
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			3746	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/08/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/587,451	AMANO, RYUICHIRO		
Examiner	Art Unit		
NATHAN ZOLLINGER	3746		

	NATHAN ZOLLINGER	3746	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>17 November 2010</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS	S APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appel for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 Comperiods:	the same day as filing a Notice of A replies: (1) an amendment, affidavited al (with appeal fee) in compliance w	Appeal. To avoid abar ., or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	vhich places the r(3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth i ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	on.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION, See MPEP 706.07(r).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ension and the corresponding amount on hortened statutory period for reply original than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee be action; or (2) as
NOTICE OF APPEAL		gr 1 - 1/1 1 - 4	
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the Notice of Appeal has been filed. 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, k (a) They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet 	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);	
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c			ie issues ioi
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	remains manne en en mann, reje		
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:		be entered and an ex	oplanation of
Claim(s) rejected:			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
 AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea vand was not earlier presented. Se	l and/or appellant fails e 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		•	
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See next page.		condition for allowand	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Devon C Kramer/	/N. Z./		
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3746	Examiner, Art Unit 3746		

Applicant has argued chiefly against the secondary references which provide the teaching of a cone-shaped recess. To begin, Examiner would like to point out the fact that the recess dimensions, as presented by the Applicant, appear to be somewhat arbitrary. In the specification filed on July 27, 2006, Applicant briefly mentions these dimensions in two locations, paragraphs 27 and 31 (width of 50% projection OD and depth of 10-15% projection OD). Beyond these numbers, however, no explanation exists as to why they were chosen or the specific benefits of choosing such dimensions. The criticality of these values is further diminished by the fact that no discussion of bordering values is present (i.e., what would happen if the width was 42% or 58% the projection OD? Would it matter?). Indeed, the lack of evidence backing up the choice of dimensions leads one ever closer to relegating the dimensions as an obvious matter of design, since applicant has not disclosed that these exact dimensions solve any stated problems or are for any particular purpose. With the criticality of the dimensions deemed questionable. Examiner now turns to the weight of Applicant's arguments. Foremost in the arguments is the observation that there is no "apparent reason" for combining any of the references. Examiner disagrees using Speakman as an example. Speakman provides an explicit motivation of using a cone-shaped recess that remains after crushing to later act as an identifier or as a center for a subsequent separation process (col. 4, lines 19-22). Importantly, this motivation could be used for the rest of the prior art references as well. Applicant never addresses this motivation but rather spends time arguing that the size of Speakman's recess is not met by the claim limitations. However, as alluded to previously, these dimensions appear arbitrary and can be treated as (1) an obvious matter of design or, more specifically, (2) as an element (a cone-shaped recess) which has only changed in size which is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. In Re Rose, 105 USPQ 237, (CCPA 1955). Similarly, with respect to the Tajima reference, Applicant's argument that the depth of the hole disqualifies the reference is not convincing because it is within the ability of someone having ordinary skill in the art to provide a shallower screw hole while maintaining the fulfillment of the intention of the invention. With regard to Neill, Applicant improperly mandates that the entirety of a secondary reference must be imported into the primary reference by arguing that the primary reference must have all the separate parts that the Neill reference contains. Examiner disagrees and believes that a portion of the rivet joint (around 40 and 36) is a separable element that can be imported into the primary reference. With respect to the Takayama reference, Applicant regards the manner in which the recess comes about to be a controlling factor preventing any combination of references. Examiner disagrees. The fact that a cone-shaped recess is present in the reference is what matters, not how the cone-shaped recess came about.